# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

# G13FFF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## **1** Purpose

G13FFF forecasts the conditional variances,  $h_t$ , for  $t = T + 1, ..., T + \xi$  from a GJR GARCH(p,q) sequence, where  $\xi$  is the forecast horizon and T is the current time (see Glosten *et al.* (1993)).

## 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G13FFF(NUM, NT, IP, IQ, THETA, GAMMA, FHT, HT, ET, IFAIL)INTEGERNUM, NT, IP, IQ, IFAILrealTHETA(IQ+IP+1), GAMMA, FHT(NT), HT(NUM), ET(NUM)
```

## **3** Description

Assume the GARCH(p,q) process can be represented by:

$$h_t = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q (\alpha_i + \gamma S_{t-i}) \epsilon_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{i=1}^p \beta_i h_{t-i}, \quad t = 1, \dots, T.$$

where  $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = N(0, h_t)$  or  $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = S_t(df, h_t)$ , and  $S_t = 1$ , if  $\epsilon_t < 0$ , or  $S_t = 0$ , if  $\epsilon_t \ge 0$ , has been modelled by G13FEF, and the estimated conditional variances and residuals are contained in the arrays HT and ET respectively.

G13FFF will then use the last  $\max(p,q)$  elements of the arrays HT and ET to estimate the conditional variance forecasts,  $h_t | \psi_T$ , where  $t = T + 1, \ldots, T + \xi$  and  $\xi$  is the forecast horizon.

### 4 References

Engle R (1982) Autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity with estimates of the variance of United Kingdom inflation *Econometrica* **50** 987–1008

Bollerslev T (1986) Generalised autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity *Journal of Econometrics* **31** 307–327

Engle R and Ng V (1993) Measuring and Testing the Impact of News on Volatility *Journal of Finance* **48** 1749–1777

Hamilton J (1994) Time Series Analysis Princeton University Press

Glosten L, Jagannathan R and Runkle D (1993) Relationship between the expected value and the volatility of nominal excess return on stocks *Journal of Finance* **48** 1779–1801

## 5 Parameters

1: NUM – INTEGER

On entry: the number of terms in the arrays HT and ET from the modelled sequence.

*Constraint*:  $max(IP, IQ) \leq NUM$ .

2: NT – INTEGER

*On entry*: the forecast horizon,  $\xi$ . *Constraint*: NT > 0.

[NP3546/20A]

Input

Input

# 3: IP - INTEGER Input On entry: the number of coefficients, $\beta_i$ , for i = 1, ..., p. Constraints: $\max(IP, IQ) \le 20,$ $IP \ge 0.$

#### 4: IQ – INTEGER

On entry: the number of coefficients,  $\alpha_i$ , for  $i = 1, \ldots, q$ .

Constraints:

$$\label{eq:IQ} \begin{split} & \max(IP,IQ) \leq 20, \\ & IQ \geq 1. \end{split}$$

5: THETA(IQ+IP+1) - *real* array

On entry: the first element must contain the coefficient  $\alpha_o$  and the next IQ elements must contain the coefficients  $\alpha_i$ , for i = 1, ..., q. The remaining IP elements must contain the coefficients  $\beta_j$ , for j = 1, ..., p.

6: GAMMA – *real* 

On entry: the asymmetry parameter  $\gamma$  for the GARCH(p,q) sequence.

#### 7: FHT(NT) – *real* array

On exit: the forecast values of the the conditional variance,  $h_t$ , for  $t = T + 1, \ldots, T + \xi$ .

8: HT(NUM) – *real* array

On entry: the sequence of past conditional variances for the GARCH(p,q) process,  $h_t$ , for t = 1, ..., T.

#### 9: ET(NUM) – *real* array

On entry: the sequence of past residuals for the GARCH(p,q) process,  $\epsilon_t$ , for  $t = 1, \ldots, T$ .

10: IFAIL – INTEGER

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, because for this routine the values of the output parameters may be useful even if IFAIL  $\neq 0$  on exit, the recommended value is -1. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{On entry, } \text{NUM} < \max(\text{IP},\text{IQ}), \\ \text{or} & \text{IQ} < 1, \\ \text{or} & \text{IP} < 0, \end{array}$ 

Input

Input

# Input/Output

# *Input* in the

Input

Output

Input

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{or} & max(IP,IQ) > 20, \\ \mbox{or} & NT \leq 0. \end{array}$ 

# 7 Accuracy

Not applicable

# 8 Further Comments

None.

# 9 Example

See Section 9 of the document for G13FEF.